The Guinness Book of Records was first published in 1955 and is the best selling copyright book of all time. The idea for the Guinness Book of Records came from Sir Hugh Beaver, the Managing Director of Guinness in the 1950s. On 10 November 1951, Sir Hugh was out with a shooting party in County Wexford when some golden plover flew overhead. Sir Hugh aimed and missed. Later that evening, a discussion followed as to which game bird flew the fastest. This gave Sir Hugh the idea of compiling a ‘fact’ book which would serve as a definitive reference book to settle nightly debates in the 81,400 pubs in Britain and Ireland.

Sir Hugh took his idea to Norris and Ross McWhirter, who ran a fact-finding agency in London. This led to the publication of the first ‘Guinness Book of Records’ in August 1955. Interestingly, in the very first edition there was no mention of the fastest flying game bird, even though this was the debate that inspired the whole publication in the first place. However, the omission was noted and the details were given in the second edition.

If you have any further questions about Guinness history please contact us at: Guinness Archive, GUINNESS STOREHOUSE®, St. James’s Gate, Dublin 8. Telephone: +353 1 471 4557. E-mail: Guinness.archives@diageo.com Opening Hours: Mon –Fri 09:30 to 17.00 by appointment.

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Guinness World Records was sold by Guinness in 2001 and is now owned by the Jim Pattison Group. By then, the publication was on sale in over 77 different countries and was being translated into 38 different languages.